1. IDENTIFICATION: PRODUCT IDENTIFIER AND CHEMICAL IDENTITY

Product Name: 4FARMERS PROPYZAMIDE 500 SC HERBICIDE

Other Means of Identification: Mixture

Recommended Use of the Chemical and Restriction on Use: Agricultural herbicide

Details of Manufacturer or Importer:
4Farmers Australia Pty Ltd
70 McDowell Street
Welshpool WA 6106

Phone Number: +61 8 9356 3446

Emergency telephone number: National Poison Information Centre: 13 11 26

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazardous Nature:
Classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) and Safe Work Australia criteria.
Not classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail. (7th edition)

Health hazard
Carc. 2 H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

Environment
Aquatic Acute 1 H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Signal Word Warning

Hazard Statements
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P391 Collect spillage.
P405 Store locked up.
P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

3. COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Characterization: Mixtures
Description: Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

Hazardous Components:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAS Number</th>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>23950-58-5</td>
<td>Propyzamide (ISO)</td>
<td>50%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Contd. on page 2
4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation:
If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Seek medical attention if breathing problems develop.

Skin Contact:
In case of skin contact, immediately remove contaminated clothing and wash affected areas with water and soap. Seek medical attention if symptoms occur.

Eye Contact:
In case of eye contact, hold eyelids open and flush eye continuously with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention if symptoms occur.

Ingestion:
If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Rinse out mouth and give some water to drink. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Seek immediate medical attention.

Symptoms Caused by Exposure:
Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin Contact: May cause skin irritation.
Eye Contact: May cause eye irritation.
Ingestion: May be harmful if swallowed.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Water, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical:
Hazardous combustion products include oxides of carbon, nitrogen and phosphorous and hydrogen chloride.
Product is not flammable.

Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire Fighters:
When fighting a major fire wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures:
Wear approved self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing. Evacuate all non-essential personnel from affected area. Do not breathe vapours. Ensure adequate ventilation. Extinguish all sources of ignition. Avoid sparks and open flames. No smoking.

Environmental Precautions:
In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up:
Stop leak if safe to do so and absorb spill with sand, earth, vermiculite or some other absorbent material. If spill is too large or absorbent material is not available create a dyke to stop the spill from spreading. Collect the spilled material and place into a suitable container for disposal. Wash area after spills.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling:
Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation of vapours. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Food, beverages and tobacco products should not be stored or consumed where this material is in use. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storage or re-use. Provide eyewash fountains and safety showers in close proximity to points of potential exposure.

**Conditions for Safe Storage:**
Store in a cool, dry and well ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Protect from excessive heat. Keep away from strong oxidising agents, strong acids and bases.

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Exposure Standards:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>23950-58-5 Propyzamide (ISO)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TWA 2 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Engineering Controls:**
Maintain air concentration below occupational exposure standards, providing adequate ventilation.

**Respiratory Protection:**
Respiratory protection is not required under normal use conditions. Use an approved type AX-P respirator under conditions where exposure to the substance is apparent (e.g. generation of high concentrations of mist or vapour, inadequate ventilation, development of respiratory tract irritation) and engineering controls are not feasible. See Australian Standards AS/NZS 1715 and 1716 for more information.

**Skin Protection:**
Elbow-length gloves. See Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2161 for more information. When selecting gloves for use against certain chemicals, the degradation resistance, permeation rate and permeation breakthrough time should be considered. Occupational protective clothing (depending on conditions in which it has to be used, in particular as regards the period for which it is worn, which shall be determined on the basis of the seriousness of the risk, the frequency of exposure to the risk, the characteristics of the workstation of each worker and the performance of the protective clothing). See Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 4501 for more information.

**Eye and Face Protection:**
Eye and face protectors for protection against splashing materials or liquids. See Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 for more information.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Appearance:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Form:</td>
<td>Liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colour:</td>
<td>White</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour:</td>
<td>Weak characteristic odour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour Threshold:</td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH-Value:</td>
<td>5 - 8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/Melting range:</td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range:</td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash Point:</td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability:</td>
<td>Product is not flammable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition Temperature:</td>
<td>428 °C (propyzamide)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition Temperature:</td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosion Limits:</td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower:</td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(Contd. on page 4)
10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

Chemical Stability: Stable at ambient temperature and under normal conditions of use.

Conditions to Avoid: Extreme temperatures

Incompatible Materials: Strong oxidising agents, strong acids and strong bases.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Oxides of carbon, nitrogen and phosphorous and hydrogen chloride.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>23950-58-5 Propyzamide (ISO)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dermal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Acute Health Effects

Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin: May cause skin irritation.

Eye: May cause eye irritation.

Ingestion: May be harmful if swallowed.

Skin Corrosion / Irritation: Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious Eye Damage / Irritation: Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitisation: Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity:

Suspected of causing cancer.

Propyzamide is classified by Safe Work Australia as Carcinogen Category 3.

This product does NOT contain any IARC listed chemicals.

Reproductive Toxicity:

Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

This product may affect fertility and may be harmful to the foetus/embryo.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) - Single Exposure:

Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.
42.0

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) - Repeated Exposure:
Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration Hazard: Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

Chronic Health Effects:
Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or years after exposure to this material. This may be due to a condition known as Reactive Airways Dysfunction Syndrome (RADS).

Existing Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: No information available

Additional toxicological information:
The Australian Acceptable Daily Intake (ADI) for propyzamide for a human is 0.02 mg/kg/day, set for the public for daily, lifetime exposure. This is based on the NOEL of 1.9 mg/kg/day, the level determined to show no effects during long term exposure for the most sensitive indicators and the most sensitive species. (Ref: Comm. Dept. of Health and Ageing Office of Chemical Safety, 'ADI List', June 2014).

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity:
Propyzamide:
LD50 >14000 mg/kg (duck)

Aquatic toxicity: Very Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Persistence and Degradability: Product is biodegradable and will not accumulate in the soil or water.

Bioaccumulative Potential: No information available

Mobility in Soil: No information available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Methods and Containers: Dispose according to applicable local and state government regulations.

Special Precautions for Landfill or Incineration:
Please consult your state Land Waste Management Authority for more information.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN Number
ADG Not regulated
IMDG, IATA UN3082

Proper Shipping Name
ADG Not regulated
IMDG ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Propyzamide (ISO)), MARINE POLLUTANT
IATA ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Propyzamide (ISO))

Dangerous Goods Class
IMDG Class: 9 Miscellaneous dangerous substances and articles.

Packing Group:
ADG Not regulated
IMDG, IATA III

Marine pollutant: Yes
Symbol (fish and tree)

EMS Number: F-A,S-F
SAFETY DATA SHEET
According to Safe Work Australia

Printing date 20.05.2016
Revision: 20.05.2016

Product Name: 4FARMERS PROPYZAMIDE 500 SC HERBICIDE

(Contd. of page 5)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances:
23950-58-5 Propyzamide (ISO)

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons (SUSMP) - Poison Schedule:
Poisons Schedule: 5

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Date of Preparation or Last Revision: 20.05.2016
Prepared by: MSDS.COM.AU Pty Ltd
www.msds.com.au

Abbreviations and acronyms:
ADG: Australian Dangerous Goods
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
IATA: International Air Transport Association
GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)
LC₅₀: Lethal concentration, 50 percent
LD₅₀: Lethal dose, 50 percent
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
TWA: Time Weighted Average
NES: National Exposure Standard (Safe Work Australia - Workplace Exposure Standards For Airborne Contaminants)
Carc. 2: Carcinogenicity, Hazard Category 2
Aquatic Acute 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (Acute), Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (Chronic), Category 1

Disclaimer
This SDS is prepared in accord with the Safe Work Australia document “Code of Practice for the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals - December 2011”
The information contained in this safety data sheet is provided in good faith and is believed to be accurate at the date of issuance. 4Farmers Australia Pty Ltd makes no representation of the accuracy or comprehensiveness of the information and to the full extent allowed by law excludes all liability for any loss or damage related to the supply or use of the information in this material safety data sheet. MSDS.COM.AU Pty Ltd is not in a position to warrant the accuracy of the data herein. The user is cautioned to make their own determinations as to the suitability of the information provided to the particular circumstances in which the product is used.